ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

4110 KELL BLVD., SECOND FLOOR • P.O. BOX 750 WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS 76307-0750 Ph. (940) 766-5550 • FAX (940) 766-5778

MICHAEL D. EDGIN, CPA DAVID L. PARKMAN, CPA, CFE A. PAUL FLEMING, CPA J. MARK FLEMING, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Wilbarger County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wilbarger County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wilbarger County, Texas as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wilbarger County's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Edgin, PARKman, Fluring + Fluring, PC

EDGIN, PARKMAN, FLEMING & FLEMING, PC

Wichita Falls, Texas May 17, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Wilbarger County, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, by \$12,601,103 (net assets). Of this amount, \$4,950,800 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net assets decreased by \$380,329 from fiscal year 2011 as restated compared to fiscal year 2012. The decrease is primarily due to an increase in overall expenses 2011 to 2012.
- The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,847,605, a decrease of \$165,847 in comparison to the previous year balance, as restated.
- The unassigned portion of the General Fund balance at September 30, 2012 was \$3,004,769 or 59.65% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The final payment on the bonded debt officially retired the remaining \$70,500 balance of the County's 2005 Tax Notes. Government-wide long term liability balances increased by \$77,752 as a result of scheduled note and lease payments plus additional leases acquired during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) fiduciary financial statements, and 4) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Wilbarger County's finances. This is done in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Two statements, the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, are utilized to provide this financial overview.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide statements distinguish between governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities basically account for those activities supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. On the other hand, business-type activities are basically supported by user fees and charges. Most County services are reported in governmental activities while business-type activities are reported in the Enterprise fund.

Fund Financial Statements. The County, like other state and local governments, utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Road & Bridge Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. The Enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses the enterprise fund to account for its Airport operations.

Proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail:

Fiduciary Funds. The County maintains funds used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and which therefore cannot be used to support County programs.

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide, fund financial statements and fiduciary fund statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found after the notes to the financial statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the County's net assets (assets exceeding liabilities) totaled \$12,601,103. This analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2).

Net Assets. The largest portion of the County's net assets, \$7,387,456 or 58.63 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (land and improvements, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County reports its capital assets net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net assets, \$262,847 or 2.09%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$4,950,800, or 39.28%, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
) 	09-30-12	09-30-11	09-30-12	09-30-11	09-30-12	09-30-11
Current and other assets	\$5,668,851	\$5,769,497	\$104,636	\$93,138	\$5,773,487	\$5,862,635
Capital Assets	6,627,888	6,621,221	1,201,384	1,318,933	7,829,272	7,940,154
Total Assets	12,296,739	12,390,718	1,306,020	1,412,071	13,602,759	13,802,789
Long term Liabilities	450,117	372,365	91,043	109,066	541,160	481,431
Other Liabilities	431,519	368,552	28,977	8,555	460,496	377,107
Total Liabilities	881,636	740,917	120,020	117,621	1,001,656	858,538
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets						
net of related debt	6,273,139	6,337,376	1,114,317	1,216,171	7,387,456	7,553,547
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	*	90,480	2.1			90.480
Special Services	258,814	212,186			258,814	212,186
Jury Duty	4,033	2,485			4,033	2,485
Unrestricted	4,879,117	5,007,274	71,683	78,279	4,950,800	5,085,553
Total Net Assets	\$11,415,103	\$11,649,801	\$1,186,000	\$1,294,450	\$12,601,103	\$12,944,251

Changes in Net Assets: The net assets of the County decreased by \$380,329 from fiscal year September 30, 2011 as restated to fiscal year September 30, 2012.

Governmental Activities: Governmental activities decreased the County's net assets by \$271,879 from September 30, 2011 as restated. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in proceeds from the sale of capital assets from 2011 to 2012 and the related increase in capital lease liabilities.

Business-type Activities: Net assets from business-type activities decreased by \$108,450 from September 30, 2011 primarily due to a net loss of \$173,443 before transfers in from other funds.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	09-30-12	09-30-11	09-30-12	09-30-11	09-30-12	09-30-11
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$1,946,967	\$1,738,982	\$299,442	\$389,850	\$ 2,246,409	\$ 2,128,832
Operating grants & contributions	170,290	190,769	8,108	13,385	178,398	204,154
Capital grants and contributions		31,563	(55)			31,563
General Revenues:						
Ad Valorem taxes	4,342,094	4,345,310	1.000	55	4,342,094	4,345,310
Sales Tax	719,424	618,492	(244)	44	719,424	618,492
Other taxes and fees	6,854	9,910	355	##:	6,854	9,910
Interest	94,514	98,606	196	254	94,710	98,860
Miscellaneous	48,432	4,770	12,814	10,250	61,246	15,020
Gain on disposal of capital assets		17,352		1,082		18,434
Total Revenues	7,328,575	7,055,754	320,560	414,821	7,649,135	7,470,575
Expenditures:						
General Government	1,115,490	1,095,911	- 22		1,115,490	1,095,911
Judicial	887,965	935,867			887,965	935,867
Legal	197,134	199,529			197,134	199,529
Financial	453,569	448,725			453,569	448,725
Public Facilities	1,464,036	1,420,712			1,464,036	1,420,712
Public Safety	958,846	910,896			958,846	910.896
Health & Welfare	118,229	99,606			118,229	99,606
Conservation	129,272	129,017			129,272	129,017
Road & Bridge	2,209,492	2,153,905			2,209,492	2,153,905
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,428	4,263			1,428	4,263
Airport Operations	1,420	4,203	494,003	529,831	494,003	529,831
. ,	7.505.404	7,000,404			8,029,464	7,928,262
Total Expenditures	7,535,461	7,398,431	494,003	529,831	0,029,464	7,920,202
Increase (decrease) in net assets						
Before transfers	(206,886)	(342,677)	(173,443)	(115,010)	(380,329)	(457,687)
Transfers	(64,993)	(79,624)	64,993	79,624	:==	==:
Net Assets-Beginning of year	11,649,801	12,072,102	1,294,450	1,329,836	12,944,251	13,401,938
Prior Period Adjustments	37,181	300	**:		37,181	58.
Net Assets-End of year	\$ 11,415,103	\$ 11,649,801	\$ 1,186,000	\$ 1,294,450	\$12,601,103	\$12,944,251

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased Wilbarger County's net assets by \$271,879. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The County experienced a significant revenue increase of \$207,985 from total governmental activities charges for services over the previous fiscal year. Included in this increase is a \$121,333 increase for General government charges for services.
- Sales tax revenues increased \$100,932 from 2010-11 as the general economy has improved.
- The County experienced a minor decrease in Interest revenue of \$4,092 over the previous year as the county sold interests in GNMA bonds yielding 4% and re-invested in more conservative GNMA bonds with a 2% yield in May of 2012.

 Transfers to the Airport Fund decreased \$14,633 from \$79,624 in 2010-2011 to \$64,993 for 2011-2012. The transfers to the Airport Fund are usually triggered by fuel purchases creating a cash flow timing issue.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased Wilbarger County's net assets by \$108,450. The Airport Fund required \$64,993 to be Transferred In from other funds for 2011-2012 compared to \$79,624 in the previous year. Fuel sales were down by over 18,000 gallons in 2011-12 compared to 2010-11. Another contributing factor to the decrease in the airport's net assets was the write off of \$24,000 in uncollectible hangar rent revenue from the failed Tangarie Alternative Power.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Government funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,847,605, which is a decrease of \$165,847 over fiscal year 2011 (as restated).

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$3,004,769 which is an increase of \$101,407 over the previous fiscal year. Items of note concerning the General Fund are as follows:

- Tax revenues for 2011-12 were \$168,967 more than the previous year.
- Sales tax receipts increased by \$100,932 as property tax valuations increased \$78 million.
- An increase over the previous year for fees and commissions of \$68,511 was due to increases in collections of the following fees: sheriff fees, county attorney fees, and tax collector auto fees
- General Fund total expenditures were \$231,346 more than the previous year. All areas/functions experienced expenditure increases over the previous year. General Fund total revenues increased by \$294,227 over the previous year.

The Road & Bridge Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$185,302. Items to note relative to the Road & Bridge Fund are as follow:

- Tax revenues of \$1,315,903 were very comparable to the previous year's collections. Though there was a \$78 million increase in property tax valuations, the Road & Bridge tax rate decreased.
- Road & Bridge total expenditures increased \$433,219 from the prior year primarily due to additional equipment purchases during 2011-12. Total revenues experienced a \$21,396 increase.
- Proceeds from the sale of capital assets decreased \$96,801 from the prior year due to three pieces of equipment being traded in versus four in the previous fiscal year.
- Road & Bridge fund received \$262,565 in capital lease proceeds to finance equipment purchases during 2011-12.

The other non-major governmental funds recognized a decrease in fund balance of \$32,860.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Budgetary Highlights. Each year the County performs periodic reviews of the budget. State law prohibits increasing total budgeted expenditures except during an emergency, however, an amount budgeted for one line item can be transferred to another budgeted item without authorizing an emergency expenditure. The most significant budget amendment during 2011-12 was to increase the Equipment/Machinery budget by \$350,000 for Road & Bridge Precinct 1 to allow for the purchase of two CAT road graders and to increase the Road & Bridge Sale of Equipment budget by \$173,300 for the trade in/sale of two Road & Bridge Precinct 1 road graders.

Notable budget variances include:

- \$80,166 more General Fund and \$35,140 more Road & Bridge Fund tax revenues were collected than budgeted. Sales tax collections were significantly greater than the previous year.
- Fees and Commissions collected exceeded budgeted revenues by \$133,471. The following fees caused the unexpected additional revenues: County Clerk fees, Tax Collector Auto Fees, Sheriff Fees, and County Attorney fees.
- Road & Bridge Lease proceeds exceeded budgeted revenues by \$223,565 triggered by additional equipment purchases that were previously unbudgeted.
- Precinct 3 had a budget variance related to the purchase of a piece of equipment originally budgeted in 2010-11. The expenditure was recognized on the 2011-12 books without a sufficient budget. Precinct 2 has one less full time employee than the other precincts and had a large road grader variance.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2012 amounts to \$7,829,272 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. The total decrease in the County's investment in capital assets for the current year was 1.40%. More detailed information on capital asset activity is available in the notes to the financial statements.

Table 3
Capital Assets at Year End
Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmenta	Sovernmental Activities I		pe Activities	Total		
Assets	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Land	\$ 307,699	\$ 307,699	\$33,137	\$ 33,137	\$ 340,836	\$ 340,836	
Bldgs & Improvmts	2,283,945	2,372,847	613,768	640,645	2,897,713	3,013,492	
Mach & Equipment	3,173,850	3,010,993	169,462	209,826	3,343,312	3,220,819	
Infrastructure	862,394	929,682	385,017	435,325	1,247,411	1,365,007	
*	\$6,627,888	\$6,621,221	\$1,201,384	\$1,318,933	\$7,829,272	\$7,940,154	

Debt Administration. At the beginning of the current fiscal year, Wilbarger County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$70,500. This debt was paid in full during 2011-12.

During 2011-12 Wilbarger County entered into two new five year and two new two year capital leases for the purchases of four pieces of road and bridge maintenance equipment. The total amount of these leases is \$337,332. The addition of these new leases explains the increase in leases payable during 2011-12.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities		Tota	l
Type of Debt	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
General Obligation	\$ 0	\$ 70,500	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 70,500
Leases Payable	337,332	2,350	78,522	86,070	415,854	88,420
Notes Payable	17,417	210,995	8,545	16,692	25,962	227,687
Comp Absences	83,614	81, 4 86	3,976	6,304	87,590	87,790
OPEB obligation	11,754	7,034	0	0	11,754	7,034
Total	\$450,117	\$372,365	\$91,043	\$109,066	\$541,160	\$481,431

Wilbarger County does not have a current bond rating from either Standard & Poor Corporation or Moody's Investor Service. More detailed information concerning debt activity is available in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Wilbarger County economy remains relatively stable compared to the national economy. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics Wilbarger County's unemployment rate as of September 30, 2012 was 4.3%, which is well below the state and national average. Sales tax collections for Wilbarger County increased in fiscal 2012 by \$100,932 or 16.32% over fiscal 2011, an increase for the tenth consecutive year. Economic development initiatives are in progress and there is interest in Wilbarger County due to its central location between Amarillo, Fort Worth and Lubbock, Texas and Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The City of Vernon has been selected as a Texas Main Street City.

During the 2011-2012 fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$101,407. The 2012-2013 adopted budget reflects a .22% decrease in General Fund revenue and a 2,09% decrease in General Fund expenditures over the 2011-2012 final amended budget.

The County ad valorem tax rate decreased slightly for 2012-2013 from 2011-2012, the tax rate levied to fund the 2012-13 budget decreased by \$0.01597. The County had a 96,98% collection rate of current taxes levied in 2012, which was a slight increase over the collection rate of 96.78% in 2011.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Wilbarger County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, 1700 Wilbarger, Room 10, Vernon, Texas 76384.



WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	GovernmentalActivities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash	\$ 1,315,262	\$ 17,436	\$ 1,332,698
Investments	3,524,649	()⊕:	3,524,649
Receivables, net:			
Taxes	188,620	(-	188,620
Accounts	266	14,886	15,152
Fines	201,107	092	201,107
Intergovernmental	171,424	606	172,030
Other	2,580	12	2,580
Internal balances	10,711	(10,711)	3
Due from fiduciaries	142,169		142,169
Inventories	27,474	59,482	86,956
Prepaid items	84,589	10,177	94,766
Other assets	€	12,760	12,760
Capital assets, net	6,627,888	1,201,384	7,829,272
Total assets	12,296,739	1,306,020	13,602,759
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	265,879	7,631	273,510
Salaries payable	130,093	2,861	132,954
Other payables	2,831	1,400	4,231
Unearned revenue	32,716	17,085	49,801
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	183,707	20,380	204,087
Due in more than one year	266,410	70,663	337,073
Total liabilities	881,636	120,020	1,001,656
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,273,139	1,114,317	7,387,456
Restricted for:			
Special services	258,814		258,814
Jury duty	4,033	-	4,033
Unrestricted	4,879,117	71,683	4,950,800
Total net assets	\$ 11,415,103	\$ 1,186,000	\$ 12,601,103

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Program Revenues		
			Operating	
		Charges for	Grants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	
Primary Government:				
General government	\$ 1,115,490	\$ 385,661	\$ 18,714	
Judicial	887,965	336,404	44,935	
Legal	197,134	114,395	20,833	
Financial	453,569	160,427	=======================================	
Public facilities	1,464,036	51,852	<u></u>	
Public safety	958,846	342,691	34,380	
Health and welfare	118,229	=	31,783	
Conservation	129,272	畫	Ψ	
Road and bridge	2,209,492	555,537	19,645	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,428		<u> </u>	
Total governmental activities	7,535,461	1,946,967	170,290	
Business-type Activities:				
Airport	494,003	299,442	8,108	
Total primary government	\$ 8,029,464	\$ 2,246,409	\$ 178,398	

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales taxes

Other taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning, as originally reported

Prior period adjustment

Net assets - beginning, as restated

Net assets - ending

	Net (Expense) I	Revenu	e and Changes	in Net	Assets
G	overnmental	Rue	iness-type		
O			• •		Total
	Activities		ctivities	_	Total
\$	(711,115)	\$	(2)	\$	(711,115)
	(506,626)		-		(506,626)
	(61,906)		(2)		(61,906)
	(293,142)		(2)		(293,142)
	(1,412,184)		-		(1,412,184)
	(581,775)		∂ ≘ ₽		(581,775)
	(86,446)		5 0		(86,446)
	(129,272)		·		(129,272)
	(1,634,310)		•		(1,634,310)
	(1,428)		<u></u>		(1,428)
	(5,418,204)	-	1.00		(5,418,204)
-	- 		(186,453)		(186,453)
_	(5,418,204)	<u> </u>	(186,453)	_	(5,604,657)
	4,265,498		5€0		4,265,498
	76,596		-		76,596
	719,424		•		719,424
	6,854		S		6,854
	94,514		196		94,710
	48,432		12,814		61,246
	(64,993)		64,993		電子
). 	5,146,325	-	78,003	:(-	5,224,328
	(271,879)	_	(108,450)	7-	(380,329)
	11,649,801		1,294,450		12,944,251
-	37,181		·*		37,181
	11,686,982		1,294,450		12,981,432
\$	11,415,103	\$	1,186,000	\$	12,601,103

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	General Fund	Road & Bridge	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	Ф 040 7 05	r 202 220	Ф 20E 400	Ф 4.04F.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 816,735	\$ 293,328	\$ 205,199	\$ 1,315,262
Investments	2,236,550	1,122,356	165,743	3,524,649
Receivables, net:	405.070	50.044		400.000
Taxes	135,976	52,644	-	188,620
Accounts	266			266
Fines	191,731	·	9,376	201,107
Intergovernmental	154,889	16,535	Ē.	171,424
Other	1,994	586	ž.	2,580
Due from other funds	121,212	14,389	6,626	142,227
Advance to other funds	(a)	10,711	<u>#</u>	10,711
Inventories	3,483	23,991	2	27,474
Prepaid items	72,498	11,674	417	84,589
Total assets	\$ 3,735,334	\$ 1,546,214	\$ 387,361	\$ 5,668,909
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable	\$ 206,315 96,806	\$ 55,789 33,287	\$ 3,775 -	\$ 265,879 130,093
Other payables	·	2,831	Ē	2,831
Due to other funds	58			58
Unearned revenue	351,405	52,644	18,394	422,443
Total liabilities	654,584	144,551	22,169	821,304
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	75,981	46,376	417	122,774
Restricted	-	-	262,430	262,430
Committed	323	1,355,287	102,345	1,457,632
Unassigned	3,004,769		<u> </u>	3,004,769
Total fund balances	3,080,750	1,401,663	365,192	4,847,605
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,735,334	\$ 1,546,214	\$ 387,361	\$ 5,668,909

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit A-3)			\$ 4,847,605
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit A-1) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. Capital assets at year-end consist of:			
Gross capital assets	\$	21,035,719	
Related accumulated depreciation	_	14,407,831	6,627,888
Property tax receivables and fines receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.			389,727
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist			
Capital leases payable		337,332	
Notes payable		17,417	
Accrued compensated absences		83,614	
Net other post-employment benefit obligation	_	11,754	 (450,117)
Total net assets - governmental activities (Exhibit A-1)			\$ 11,415,103

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	General Fund	Road & Bridge	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		-	-	
Taxes	\$ 3,724,705	\$ 1,315,903	\$ 76,596	\$ 5,117,204
Fees and commissions	903,938	555,538	76,243	1,535,719
Fines and forfeitures	140,634	(#3)		140,634
Intergovernmental	142,972	19,645	14,529	177,146
Interest	63,997	29,206	1,311	94,514
Miscellaneous	87,460	12,822	198,023	298,305
Total revenues	5,063,706	1,933,114	366,702	7,363,522
Expenditures Current				
General government	1,044,745	13,039	61,928	1,119,712
Judicial	901,381	-	-	901,381
Legal	191,719		5,712	197,431
Financial	464,430	·		464,430
Public facilities	1,377,995		2	1,377,995
Public Safety	792,088		180,328	972,416
Health and welfare	140,631		100,020	140,631
Conservation	124,076		<u>=</u> <u>2</u>	124,076
Road and bridge	124,070	2,756,501		2,756,501
Debt service:		2,100,001		2,700,001
Principal	≅		70,500	70,500
Interest and fiscal charges	-		1,428	1,428
Total expenditures	5,037,065	2,769,540	319,896	8,126,501
Evenes (definiones) of revenues over (under)	2	3	<u> </u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	26,641	(836,426)	46,806	(762,979)
Other sources (uses):				
Transfers in	86,166	(m)	6,500	92,666
Transfers out	(71,493)		(86,166)	(157,659)
Proceeds from capital leases	(€)	262,565		262,565
Sale of capital assets	11,001	388,559	; ;	399,560
Total other sources (uses)	25,674	651,124	(79,666)	597,132
Net change in fund balances	52,315	(185,302)	(32,860)	(165,847)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as originally reported	2,991,254	1,586,965	398,052	4,976,271
Prior period adjustment	37,181			37,181
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	3,028,435	1,586,965	398,052	5,013,452
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,080,750	\$ 1,401,663	\$ 365,192	\$ 4,847,605

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit A-5)		\$ (165,847)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated use lives as depreciation expense. The net difference between the two is as follows:	ful	
Capital outlay during the year Depreciation expense for the year	\$ 1,072,004 645,384	426,620
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets are recorded as revenues when received in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, the difference between the proceeds and the book value of the capital asset is reported as a gain (loss) from sale		(419,953)
Because property tax and fines receivables will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered 'available' revenues and are de in the governmental funds. Unearned revenues decreased by this amount this year.		(34,947)
Proceeds from the issuance of debt are recorded as other sources when received in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Net Assets, the proceeds are recorded as a liability. The amount of capital lease proceeds during the year was:	S	(262,565)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. The long-debt principal paid during the year was as follows:		
Tax notes Capital leases Notes payable	70,500 112,821 8,340	191,661
Included in long-term debt are obligations for accrued vacation and sick leave. The changes in this obligation are not included in the governmental fund financial statements, but are included in the government-wide financial statements. The change in this long-term obligation was:		(2,128)
Included in long-term liabilities is the net other post-employment benefit obligation related to the County's retiree health care plan. The increase in this obligation was:		 (4,720)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A-2)		\$ (271,879)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		terprise Fund Airport
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,436
Receivables, net:		
Accounts		14,886
Intergovernmental		606
Inventories		59,482
Prepaid items		10,177
Total current assets		102,587
Other assets		12,760
Capital assets, net		1,201,384
Total assets		1,316,731
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		7,631
Salaries payable		2,861
Compensated absences - current portion		3,976
Note payable - current portion		8,545
Capital lease payable - current portion		7,859
Other payables		1,400
Unearned revenues		17,085
Total current liabilities	-	49,357
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Capital lease payable - net of current portion		70,663
Advance from other funds		10,711
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	81,374
Total liabilities		130,731
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,255,643
Unrestricted		(69,643)
Total net assets	\$	1,186,000

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Enterprise Fund
	Airport
OPERATING REVENUES: Sale of fuel Hangar rentals Other revenues Total Operating Revenues	\$ 263,331 35,804 307 299,442
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and related costs Other services and charges Supplies Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	80,307 66,127 228,317 109,587 484,338
Operating Loss	(184,896)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Intergovernmental revenue Farmland lease Loss on sale of capital assets Interest revenue Interest expense Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	8,108 12,814 (4,350) 196 (5,315) 11,453
Net Loss Before Transfers	(173,443)
Transfers in	64,993
Change in net assets	(108,450)
Net assets, beginning of year	1,294,450
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,186,000

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

FOR THE TEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	
	Enterprise
	Fund
	Airport
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received From Customers	\$ 304,550
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(82,686)
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(294,499)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(72,635)
Onch Flour for a Non-control Flourist - A (1.10)	
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:	
Transfers from Other Funds	64,993
Intergovernmental Grants	8,108
Farmland Lease Revenue	12,814
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities	85,915
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Interest Paid	(5,315)
Principal Paid	(20,871)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	12,610
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(8,998)
Net Cash Used for Capital & Related Financing Activities	(22,574)
The Capital a Holated Financing Fourthee	(22,017)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Interest on Investments	196
11.10	(0.000)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(9,098)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	26,534
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 17,436
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Used by Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	\$ (184,896)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash	(101)000)
Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	109,587
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	100,007
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivables	5,108
Decrease (Increase) in Intergovernmental Receivables	3,388
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	(25,130)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses	1,214
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	5,660
Increase (Decrease) in Salaries Payable	(51)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Payables	291
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenues	14,522
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	(2,328)
Total Adjustments	112,261
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (72,635)

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES **SEPTEMBER 30, 2012**

	 Agency Funds	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,982,548	
Investments	229,331	
Due from other funds	33,883	
Total assets	\$ 2,245,762	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,828	
Due to other funds	176,052	
Due to other governments	483,088	
Due to others	1,584,794	
Total liabilities	\$ 2,245,762	

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting Entity

The County, a political subdivision of the State of Texas is governed by an elected judge and four county commissioners which comprise the Commissions' Court. The County's operational activities include general administrative services, judicial, public safety, the construction and maintenance of roads, health and welfare assistance, permanent records preservation, and conservation.

The accounting policies of Wilbarger County, Texas (County) conform to generally accepted accounting principles issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which is the recognized financial accounting standards setting body for governmental entities. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the County's basic financial statements.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the County (the "primary government") is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the County's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County.

There are no component units which satisfy requirements for blending or discrete presentation within the County's financial statements. Accordingly, the basic financial statements present the County only.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effects of interfund activity have been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fines and permits, and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for the activities of the Road and Bridge department.

Other Governmental Funds are a summarization of all the nonmajor governmental funds.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Airport Fund accounts for the operations of the County's airport.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other agency funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, miscellaneous revenue, and interest income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Airport enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor, or secured by obligations that are described above; or (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described by (1), pledged with third party selected or approved by the County, and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

Investments maturing within one year of date of purchase are stated at cost or amortized cost, all other investments are stated at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

b. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Property taxes are levied on October 1 by the County based on the January 1 property values as appraised by the Wilbarger County Central Appraisal District. Taxes are due without penalty until January 31 of the next calendar year. After January 31 the County has an enforceable lien with respect to both real and personal property. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a perpetual lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. Taxes applicable to personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the County.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 30 - 40 years Infrastructure 20 - 45 years Machinery and Equipment 5 - 10 years

6. Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate earned but unused vacation and compensatory time. All vacation and compensatory pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide statements. A liability is reported for these amounts in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the County's Commissioners' Court. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which the County intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the General Fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the County itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

In July 2011, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 63 to provide a new statement of net position to report all assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position (which is the net residual amount of the other elements). The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and requires that deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources be reported separately from assets and liabilities. The Statement also amends certain provisions of GASB Statement 34 and related pronouncements to reflect the residual measure in the statement of financial position as net position, rather than net assets. The GASB also issued GASB Statement No. 65 in April 2012 (effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012) to limit the recognition of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources to those instances specifically identified in authoritative GASB pronouncements. Together these statements will affect the County's reporting of its governmental activities on the government-wide statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, although the impact of applying the statements is not known at this time.

B. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", there were no violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions required to be reported, except for the over-expended budget in the Road and Bridge Fund. The County will be more diligent in the future to ensure all necessary budget amendments are made.

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds

The County has no funds with a deficit fund balance or fund net assets.

C. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Cash

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's cash on hand and deposits was \$1,332,698. All of the bank balance was covered by federal deposit insurance and collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the County's name.

2. Investments

The County is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written; primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; address investment diversification, yield, maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested; and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the County adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the County were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the County. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds.

The County's investments at September 30, 2012 are shown below:

Investment or Investment Type	Weighted Maturity (Months)	Fair <u>Value</u>
Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) Series 2012-34 Bonds, maturing January 2041, with interest at 2.0%	340	\$2,956,641
Government-sponsored investment pool (LOGIC)	N/A	568,008
		\$3,524,649

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the County was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the County was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

At year end, the County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the County had a significant amount invested in one GNMA bond, which could expose the County to a concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the County was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the County was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

4. Investment Accounting Policy

The County's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

5. Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the Pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the Pool and are qualified to advise the Pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The County's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the Pool's underlying portfolio, unless the Pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

D. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the prior year. Taxes are levied on October 1 and do not begin to accrue interest until February 1. The County is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of the State of Texas to levy taxes (exclusive of those amounts levied to service long-term debt) up to \$.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general services, permanent improvements, road and bridge and jury fund purposes. The combined tax rate to finance general government (exclusive of long-term debt service and Special Road & Bridge) for the year ended September 30, 2012, was \$.32176 per \$100 valuation.

Taxes levied for the payment of principal and interest related to long-term debt was \$0.00834 per \$100 valuation for the year ended September 30, 2012. An additional ad valorem tax may be levied and collected for further maintenance of public roads, provided that a majority of the qualified property taxpaying voters shall vote such tax, not to exceed fifteen cents (.15) per \$100 valuation. Wilbarger County has such a tax and the levy for 2012 was \$0.01612. The total tax rate for Wilbarger County for fiscal year 2012 also includes a Farm to Market Right of Way with a tax rate of \$0.12684. The total tax rate for Wilbarger County for fiscal year 2012 was \$0.47306.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Road & Bridge Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the County is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

At September 30, 2012, net property taxes receivable is calculated as follows:

Gross property taxes receivable \$288,146
Allowance for uncollectible taxes (_99,526)

Net property taxes receivable \$188,620

Of the \$188,620 of property taxes receivable at September 30, 2012, the County expects to collect approximately \$83,000 within a year. This is similar to the amount of delinquent taxes received in previous years.

E. FINES RECEIVABLE

Fines receivable represent amounts due to the County for outstanding citations.

The allowance for uncollectible fines receivable within the funds is based upon historical experience collecting fines. Uncollectible fines are periodically written off.

At September 30, 2012, net fines receivable is calculated as follows:

Gross fines receivable \$2,370,709
Allowance for uncollectible fines (2,169,602)

Net fines receivable \$ 201.107

Of the \$201,107 of net fines receivable at September 30, 2012, the County expects to collect approximately \$100,000 within a year. This is similar to the amount of delinquent fines receivable collected in the current year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 10/1/2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance _9/30/2012
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 307,699</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 307,699</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	4,194,549	0.00		4,194,549
Infrastructure	10,931,008	-	·*:	10,931,008
Machinery and equipment	5,233,106	1,072,004	(_702,647)	5,602,463
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,358,663	1,072,004	(702,647)	20,728,020
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,821,702	88,902		1,910,604
Infrastructure	10,001,326	67,288		10,068,614
Machinery and equipment	2,222,113	489,194	(_282,694)	2,428,613
Total accumulated depreciation	14,045,141	<u>645,384</u>	(<u>282,694</u>)	14,407,831
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,313,522	426,620	(<u>419,953</u>)	<u>6,320,189</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,621,221	<u>\$ 426,620</u>	(<u>\$419,953)</u>	<u>\$ 6,627,888</u>

At September 30, 2012, machinery and equipment with a cost of \$730,730 and accumulated depreciation of \$60,775 is financed under capital leases.

Business-Type Activities:	Balance _10/1/2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance 9/30/2012
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 33,137	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$33,137</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,077,614		S#3	1,077,614
Infrastructure	2,012,302	*	0 ≒ 3	2,012,302
Machinery and equipment	429,210	8,998	(47,700)	390,508
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,519,126	8,998	(_47,700)	3,480,424
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	436,969	26,877		463,846
Infrastructure	1,576,977	50,308	7.30	1,627,285
Machinery and equipment	219,384	32,402	$(_30,740)$	221,046
Total accumulated depreciation	2,233,330	109,587	(30,740)	2,312,177
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,285,796	(<u>100,589</u>)	(<u>16,960</u>)	1,168,247
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,318,933</u>	(<u>\$ 100,589</u>)	(<u>\$_16,960</u>)	<u>\$_1,201,384</u>

At September 30, 2012, machinery and equipment with a cost of \$114,500 and accumulated depreciation of \$15,267 is financed under capital leases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 19,648
Judicial	5,691
Financial	2,916
Public facilities	103,938
Public safety	50,963
Health and welfare	2,537
Conservation	5.572
Road and bridge	<u>454,119</u>
Total governmental depreciation	\$645,384

G. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS

Balances due to and from other funds at September 30, 2012 were as follows:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	<u>Payable</u>	Reason
General Fund Road & Bridge Fund Other Governmental Funds Agency Funds Agency Funds	Agency Funds Agency Funds Agency Funds Agency Funds General Fund	\$121,212 14,389 6,626 33,825 58	Short-term loan Short-term loan Short-term loan Short-term loan Short-term loan
	Total	\$176,110	

All of the above amounts are expected to be repaid within one year.

Long-term advances between funds were as follows at September 30, 2012:

Advanced From	Advanced To	<u>Amount</u>
Road & Bridge Fund	Airport Fund	<u>\$10,711</u>

This advance is not expected to be repaid within one year. Accordingly, \$10,711 of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable in the Road & Bridge Fund.

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2012 were as follows:

Transfers From	<u>Transfers To</u>	_Amount_	Reason
General Fund General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Airport Fund Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 64,993 6,500 <u>86,166</u>	Supplement other resources Supplement other resources Close out Debt Service Fund
	Total	<u>\$157,659</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

H. LONG-TERM DEBT

The County issues general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation bonds, notes payable and capital lease obligations to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

Governmental Activities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2012 were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 10/1/2011	Additions	Retirements	Refinanced	Balance 09/30/2012	Due Within One Year
General obligation debt	\$ 70,500	\$ =7	\$ 70,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Capital lease obligations	2,350	262,565	112,821	185,238	337,332	91,509
Note payable	210,995	3.	8,340	(185,238)	17,417	8.584
Compensated absences	81,486	106,765	104,637		83,614	83,614
Net other post-employment						,
benefit obligation	<u>7,034</u>	4,720			<u>11,754</u>	
Total long-term liabilities –						
governmental activities	<u>\$372,365</u>	<u>\$374,050</u>	\$296,298	<u>s - </u>	\$450,117	\$183,707

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and other post-employment benefit obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Total debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>	
2013	\$100,093	\$11,794	\$111,887
2014	103,387	8,500	111,887
2015	48,760	5,101	53,861
2016	50,404	3,457	53,861
2017	<u>52,105</u>	<u>1,756</u>	53,861
Totals	<u>\$354,749</u>	<u>\$30,608</u>	<u>\$385,357</u>

Capital Lease Obligations

Capital lease obligations at September 30, 2012 are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Original <u>Amount</u>	Date of <u>Lease</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Balance <u>9/30/2012</u>
Excavator – Precinct #3	\$109,824	1/23/12	2/15/17	3.30%	\$156,384
Motor Grader – Precinct #1	38,565	10/4/11	10/15/13	2.97%	38,565
Excavator – Precinct #1	107,108	1/23/12	2/15/17	3.50%	87,686
Excavator – Precinct #4	83,489	1/23/12	2/15/14	3.50%	_ 54,697
Total Capital Lease Obligations					\$337,332

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Capital lease obligation debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 91,509	\$11,289	\$102,798
2014	94,554	8,244	102,798
2015	48,760	5,101	53,861
2016	50,404	3,457	53,861
2017	<u>52,105</u>	<u>1,756</u>	<u>53,861</u>
Totals	\$337,332	\$29,847	\$367,179

Note Payable

The note payable at September 30, 2012 is as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Original	Date of	Final	Interest	Balance
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rate</u>	9/30/2012
Tractor – Precinct #1	\$ 33,864	7/23/10	7/23/14	2.90%	\$17,417

Note payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2013 2014	\$ 8,584 <u>8,833</u>	\$ 505 <u>256</u>	\$ 9,089 9,089
Total	<u>\$ 17,417</u>	<u>\$ 761</u>	<u>\$ 18,178</u>

Business-Type Activities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2012 were as follows:

	Balance 10/1/2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance 9/30/2012	Due Within One Year
Capital lease obligation	\$ 86,070	\$ -	\$ 7,548	\$ 78,522	\$ -
Note payable	16,692	-	8,147	8,545	-
Compensated absences	6,304	<u>4,639</u>	6,967	<u>3,976</u>	3,976
Total long-term liabilities –					
business-type activities	<u>\$109,066</u>	<u>\$ 4,639</u>	<u>\$22,662</u>	\$ 91,043	<u>\$ 3,976</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	_Total
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018-21	\$ 16,404 8,173 8,500 8,835 7,925 <u>37,230</u>	\$ 3,614 2,827 2,500 2,165 2,943 3,822	\$ 20,018 11,000 11,000 11,000 10,868 41,052
Totals	\$ 87.067	\$17,871	\$104,938

Capital Lease Obligation

Capital lease obligation at September 30, 2012 is as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Original	Date of	Final	Interest	Balance
	Amount	Lease	<u>Maturity</u>	Rate	9/30/2012
Fuel Truck - Airport	\$ 86,070	6/01/11	11/15/20	4.0% to 6/15/16 then NY Prime + 1% (not to exceed 6.5%)	<u>\$78,522</u>

Capital lease obligation debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 7,859	\$ 3,141	\$ 11,000
2014 2015	8,173 8.500	2,827 2,500	11,000 11,000
2016	8,835	2,165	11,000
2017	7,925	2,943	10,868
2018-21	<u>37,230</u>	3,822	<u>41,052</u>
Total	<u>\$78,522</u>	\$17,398	\$ 95,920

Note Payable

The note payable at September 30, 2012 is as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Original	Date of	Final	Interest	Balance
	<u>Amount</u>	Note	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>9/30/2012</u>
Tractor – Airport	\$ 24,505	4/09/10	4/01/13	5.50%	<u>\$8,545</u>

Note payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2013	<u>\$ 8,545</u>	\$ 473	\$ 9,018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

I. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various nature. The County participates in the Texas Association of Counties Intergovernmental Risk Pool (Pool) which provides protection for risks of loss. Premiums are paid to the Pool which retains the risk of loss beyond the County's policy deductibles. Any losses reported but unsettled or incurred and not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the County's basic financial statements. For the last three years, there have been no significant reductions of insurance coverage or insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage.

J. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Federal and State Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

The County periodically is a defendant in various lawsuits. At September 30, 2012, the County is not aware of any pending litigation.

Trust Funds

The District Clerk has invested trust funds at various financial institutions in accordance with court orders. The County has a fiduciary responsibility over these funds until their final disposition.

K. RETIREMENT PLAN

1. Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 624 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

2. Funding Policy

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 10.63% for the months of the accounting year in 2011, and 11.23% for the months of the accounting year in 2012.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2012 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the Commissioners' Court of the County. The employee contribution rate and the County contribution rate may be changed by the Commissioners' Court of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

3. Annual Pension Cost

The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2011 included (a) 8.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases of 5.4 percent. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.5 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a ten-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2011 was 20 years.

The County's annual pension cost and actual contributions for the years ended September 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$365,546, \$355,479 and \$357,700, respectively. The County did not have a Net Pension Obligation (NPO) at the end of any of those years

4. Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 80.03 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$10,392,166, and the actuarial value of assets was \$8,316,497, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,075,669. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,310,321, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 62.70 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

L. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

The County administers the Wilbarger County Retiree Health Care Plan for retired employees.

1. Plan Description

Any employee who meets the retirement eligibility requirements of the Texas County and District Retirement System, and who leaves the employ of the County may, upon retirement, elect to remain on the County's group medical. The retired employee may continue coverage for dependents as well. Premiums for the retired employee and any dependents are paid by the retired employee. Premiums are determined annually by estimating the amount needed to cover projected claims. The benefit is subject to annual appropriations by the Commissioners' Court.

2. Normal Retirement Benefits

Retirement benefits are a defined benefit plan under TCDRS (see note K). Members are eligible to retire under TCDRS at age 60 or more with 8 years of vested service, at any time with a minimum of 30 years of vested service, or any age plus years of service equaling 75.

3. Early Retirement Benefits

Members retiring under early retirement conditions (non-vested) are not eligible for retiree healthcare benefits.

4. Deferred Retirement Benefits

Members who may be vested and terminate employment, but do not apply for retirement benefits, are not eligible for retiree health care benefits.

5. Benefits for Spouses / Children of Retired Employees

Wilbarger County retirees who continue health care insurance coverage with the County may also continue to cover their eligible dependents should they choose to do so. Children of retirees are eligible to continue to receive health care benefits until age 26, meeting the qualifications of dependent children described in the County's health care plan. Premiums for the retired employee's spouse / children will be paid by the retired employee.

6. Disability Retirement Benefits

If a member has 8 years or more of service and becomes disabled, the employee may be eligible for disability retirement. If a member has less than 8 years of service and the disability is work-related, the member may be eligible for disability retirement.

7. Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost

The County's annual other post-employment benefits (OPEB) cost is based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of accrual that is projected to recognize the normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

The County had its first OPEB actuarial valuation performed as required by GASB for the year ended September 30, 2010 and was updated for the year ended September 30, 2011. The County's OPEB cost for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2011 was as follows:

	9/30/10	9/30/11
Annual Required Contribution Interest on prior year OPEB obligation	\$7,682 -	\$ 8,090 317
Amortization of prior year OPEB obligation Annual OPEB cost (expense) end of year	7,682	(<u>422</u>) 7,985
Net estimated retiree cost Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	(<u>648</u>) 7,034	(<u>3,265</u>) 4,720
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year Net OPEB obligation – end of year	<u>\$7,034</u>	<u>7,034</u> <u>\$11,754</u>

8. Schedule of Actuarial Liabilities and Funding Status

Actuarial Valuation Date	9	/30/11
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	-
Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	\$	71,680
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$	71,680
Funded Ratio		0.00%
Annual Covered Payroll	\$3	,329,470
UAAL as a Percentage of Annual Covered Payroll		2.15%

9. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method is used to calculate the GASB ARC for the County's retiree health care plan. Using the plan benefits, the present health premiums and a set of actuarial assumptions, the anticipated future payments are projected. The projected unit credit method then provides for a systematic funding for these anticipated payments. The yearly ARC is computed to cover the cost of benefits being earned by covered members as well as to amortize a portion of the accrued liability.

Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and its employees to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period Medical Trend 4.5%, net of expenses
Projected Unit Credit Cost Method
Level dollar
Open 30 year period
Level 5.0%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the profitability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status and the annual required contributions of the County's retiree health care plan are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

M. FUND BALANCES

The Governmental Funds' fund balances consisted of the following at September 30, 2012:

			Other	
	General	Road &	Governmental	
	Fund	Bridge	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:				
Advances to other funds	\$ -	\$ 10,711	\$ =	\$ 10,711
Inventories	3,483	23,991	417	27,891
Prepaid items	72,498	11,674		84,172
Total nonspendable	75,981	46,376	417	122,774
Restricted:				
Special services	120	-	258,397	258,397
Jury duty	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>4,033</u>	4,033
Total restricted			<u> 262,430</u>	262,430
Committed:				
Road and bridge		1,355,287	(2)	1,355,287
Capital projects	3,80	 .	<u> 102,345</u>	102,345
Total committed		<u>1,355,287</u>	<u> 102,345</u>	1,457,632
Unassigned	3,004,769		(4):	3,004,769
T	40.000.750	04 404 000	E005 400	C4 047 005
Total fund balances	<u>\$3,080,750</u>	<u>\$1,401,663</u>	<u>\$365,192</u>	<u>\$4,847,605</u>

N. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The net assets/fund balance of the County's financial statements at September 30, 2011 were restated as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	General Fund
Net assets/fund balance, as originally reported	\$11,649,801	\$2,991,254
Prior period adjustment to adjust overstated payroll liabilities	37,181	37,181
Net assets/fund balance, as restated	\$11,686,982	\$3,028,435

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by	the
Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	
Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	
Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	
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Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 3,485,116	\$ 3,635,116	\$ 3,724,705	\$ 89,589
Fees and commissions	761,100	761,100	903,938	142,838
Fines and forfeitures	150,000	150,000	140,634	(9,366)
Intergovernmental	147,380	147,380	142,972	(4,408)
Interest	100,000	100,000	63,997	(36,003)
Miscellaneous	73,000	189,500	87,460	(102,040)
Total revenues	4,716,596	4,983,096	5,063,706	80,610
Expenditures Current: General government:				
County Judge	194,691	209,691	213,509	(3,818)
County Clerk	233,416	245,416	228,658	16,758
Veterans service	12,300	12,300	10,219	2,081
Non-departmental	525,750	588,750	592,359	(3,609)
Total General government	966,157	1,056,157	1,044,745	11,412
Judicial:				
Law library	30,716	30,716	24,946	5,770
Justice of the Peace #1	94,368	94,368	93,404	964
Justice of the Peace #2	109,976	109,976	109,172	804
District Attorney	254,351	264,351	248,711	15,640
District Clerk	169,839	169,839	171,176	(1,337)
District Court	289,475	289,475	253,972	35,503
Total Judicial	948,725	958,725	901,381	57,344
Legal:				
County Attorney	187,050	194,050	191,719	2,331
Financial:				
Tax Collector	272,367	272,367	269,964	2,403
Treasurer	70,259	70,259	66,037	4,222
County Auditor	141,417	141,417	128,429	12,988
Total Financial	484,043	484,043	464,430	19,613
Public facilities:				
Courthouse	219,121	199,121	191,000	8,121
Jail	749,106	794,106	735,194	58,912
Auditorium	320,101	320,101	269,384	50,717
Exhibit building	79,545	93,545	94,215	(670)
Arena	84,941	95,941	88,202	7,739
Total Public facilities	1,452,814	1,502,814	1,377,995	124,819

Variance With

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Final Budget -**Positive Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Actual (Negative) Public Safety: 61,859 Constable #1 61,567 61,567 (292)54,302 57,861 52,302 (3,559)Constable #2 31,912 31,912 31,115 797 Juvenile probation 738 Sheriff 606,969 624,969 624,231 Civil defense 23,017 23,017 14,088 8.929 Department of Public Safety 2,400 2,400 1,909 491 2,000 2,000 1,025 975 Community supervision 800,167 792,088 8,079 **Total Public Safety** 780,167 Health and Welfare: 77,009 112,509 117,536 (5,027)Health and welfare 3,537 Outreach services 22,632 26,632 23,095 Total Health and Welfare 99,641 139,141 140,631 (1,490)Conservation: Extension service 127,931 127,931 124,076 3,855 5,263,028 5,037,065 225,963 Total expenditures 5,046,528 26,641 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (329,932)(279,932)306,573 Other sources (uses): Transfers in 86,166 (86, 166)Transfers out (100,000)(100,000)(71,493)(28,507)Proceeds from sale of capital assets 5,000 5,000 11,001 (6,001)(95,000)25,674 Total other sources (uses) (95,000)(120,674)Net change in fund balances (374,932)52,315 427,247 (424,932)2,991,254 Fund balances, beginning of year, as 2,991,254 2,991,254 originally reported 37,181 Prior period adjustment 37,181 37,181 Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated 3,028,435 3,028,435 3,028,435 Fund balances, end of year \$ 2,653,503 3,080,750 427,247 2,603,503

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 1,280,763	\$ 1,280,763	\$ 1,315,903	\$ 35,140
Fees and commissions	535,000	535,000	555,538	20,538
Intergovernmental	20,000	20,000	19,645	(355)
Interest	40,000	40,000	29,206	(10,794)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	12,822	11,822
Total revenues	1,876,763	1,876,763	1,933,114	56,351
Expenditures: Current:				
General government:				
Road and bridge administration	20,900	20,900	13,039	7,861
Total General government	20,900	20,900	13,039	7,861
Road and Bridge:				
Precinct Number One	557,041	907,041	828,797	78,244
Precinct Number Two	709,555	709,555	602,827	106,728
Precinct Number Three	514,949	514,949	711,116	(196,167)
Precinct Number Four	625,894	625,894	613,761	12,133
Total Road and Bridge	2,407,439	2,757,439	2,756,501	938
Total expenditures	2,428,339	2,778,339	2,769,540	8,799
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(551,576)	(901,576)	(836,426)	65,150
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from capital leases	5	39,000	262,565	(223,565)
Sale of capital assets	220,000	393,300	388,559	(4,741)
Total other financing sources (uses)	220,000	432,300	651,124	(228,306)
Net change in fund balances	(331,576)	(469,276)	(185,302)	283,974
Fund balances - beginning	1,586,965	1,586,965_	1,586,965	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,255,389	\$ 1,117,689	\$ 1,401,663	\$ 283,974

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on the GAAP basis of accounting for all governmental funds except capital project funds. Project-length budgets were adopted for all capital projects funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The County Judge is, by statute, the Budget Officer of the County and has the responsibility of preparing the County's budget. Under the County's budgeting procedures, each department submits a budget request to the County Judge. The County Judge reviews budget requests and holds informal hearings when needed. Before October 1, a proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners' Court. A public hearing is then held and the Commissioners' Court takes action on the proposed budget. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available fund balance.

Once the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the conditions of the various funds and accounts.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners' Court. No amendments may be made without Commissioners' Court approval to the total budget for each department within a fund. Thus, the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. No supplemental appropriations were required during the year.

Encumbrance accounting is not employed by the County because it is not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended September 30, 2012, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following fund:

General Fund:		
County Judge	\$	3,818
Non-departmental		3,609
District Clerk		1,337
Exhibit Building		670
Constable #1		292
Constable #2		3,559
Health and Welfare		5,027
Road and Bridge Fund:		
Precinct Number Three	1	96,167

These over-expenditures were funded by available fund balance.

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS -TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Actuarial Valuation Date	1	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	-	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	F	unded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of overed Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/2009	\$	7,780,261	\$ 9,445,411	\$	1,665,150		32.37%	\$ 3,223,385	51.66% 56.77%
12/31/2010 12/31/2011		7,930,514 8,316,497	9,763,091 10,392,166		1,832,577 2,075,669		31.23% 30.03%	3,227,950 3,310,321	62.70%

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - WILBARGER COUNTY RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Actuarial Valuation Date	\	actuarial /alue of Assets (a)	A	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	nfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	.	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
9/30/2010	\$	71	\$	65,786	\$ 65,786	0.00	% \$	3,229,239	2.04%
9/30/2011		-		71,680	71,680	0.00	%	3,329,470	2.15%

Note: 9/30/10 was the first valuation of the Retiree Health Care Plan. Future valuations will be performed every year thereafter. The 9/30/2012 valuation has not been completed.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND BUDGET COMPARISONS AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Jury Fund – This fund is used to account for the cost of providing jury service for county and district courts.

Special Services Fund – This fund is used to account for special fees with specific purposes as set out by state legislation. Funding is provided by those specific fees.

Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for various individual grants received by Wilbarger County.

Juvenile Services Fund – This fund is used to account for the services of the 46th Juvenile Justice District and the related reimbursements received from the state. This fund is not budgeted.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. This fund was closed in 2011-12.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of capital projects.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Special Reve	anua Eurada				Total Nonmajor
	Jury	Special Reve Special Services	Grant	Juvenile Services	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Governmental Funds (See
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Exhibit A-3)
ASSETS						(
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,033	\$ 89,803	\$ 9,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 102,345	\$ 205,199
Investments	€	165,743	:	(*);			165,743
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):							
Fines		9,376	5 4		59		9,376
Due from other funds	5	6,626		30	27	25	6,626
Prepaid items	¥,	417	-				417
Total assets	\$ 4,033	\$ 271,965	\$ 9,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 102,345	\$ 387,361
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ =	\$ 3,775	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	\$ 3,775
Unearned revenue	*	9,376	9,018	.50		752	18,394
Total liabilities		13,151	9,018		140	4 0	22,169
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	*	417	×2	*	5.00	:50	417
Restricted	4,033	258,397	-		500	**	262,430
Committed					252	102,345	102,345
Total fund balances	4,033	258,814				102,345	365,192
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,033	\$ 271,965	\$ 9,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 102,345	\$ 387,361

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Jury Fund	Special Reve Special Services Fund	enue Funds Grant Fund	Juvenile Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
Revenues		_	_				
Taxes	\$	\$ =	\$	\$ -	\$ 76,596	\$	\$ 76,596
Fees and commissions	37	76,243	le:	-	S7:	3.5	76,243
Intergovernmental	744	€	13,785	¥	228	200	14,529
Interest	16	833	7.5		360	102	1,311
Miscellaneous	- 20	17,695		180,328_	7.60	(12)	198,023
Total revenues	760	94,771	13,785	180,328	76,956	102	366,702
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	350	48,143	13,785	3	(6)	•	61,928
Legal	5,712	*	81		(📻	10#3	5,712
Public safety		3	€	180,328	9	22	180,328
Debt service:							
Principal		3	-	-	70,500	(2)	70,500
Interest and fiscal charges		9	_	_	1,428	: +:	1,428
Total expenditures	5,712	48,143	13,785	180,328	71,928		319,896
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	(4,952)	46,628			5,028	102	46,806
Other sources (uses):							
Transfers in	6,500	2	2	300	€	€.	6,500
Transfers out				±7.0	(86,166)	-	(86, 166)
Total other sources (uses)	6,500				(86,166)		(79,666)
Net change in fund balances	1,548	46,628	•	-	(81,138)	102	(32,860)
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	2,485 \$ 4,033	212,186 \$ 258,814	\$ -		<u>81,138</u>	102,243 \$ 102,345	398,052 \$ 365,192

JURY FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues	\$ 4,000 100 4,100	\$ 4,000 100 4,100	\$ 744 16 760	\$ (3,256) (84) (3,340)	
Expenditures Current: Legal	16,100	16,100	5,712	10,388	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(12,000)	(12,000)	(4,952)	7,048	
Other sources (uses): Transfers in	12,000	12,000	6,500	(5,500)	
Net change in fund balances	(表)	.	1,548	1,548	
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	2,485 \$ 2,485	2,485 \$ 2,485	2,485 \$ 4,033	\$ 1,548	

SPECIAL SERVICES FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)		
	Original	Final	Actual			
Revenues				-		
Fees and commissions	\$ 68,800	\$ 68,800	\$ 76,243	\$ 7,443		
Interest	1,000	1,000	833	(167)		
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	17,695	14,695		
Total revenues	72,800	72,800	94,771	21,971		
Expenditures Current:						
General government	51,000	51,000	48,143	2,857		
Net change in fund balances	21,800	21,800	46,628	24,828		
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	212,186 \$ 233,986	212,186 \$ 233,986	212,186 \$ 258,814	\$ 24,828		

GRANT FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts				Variance Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	egative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	13,785	\$	(1,215)	
Total revenues	-	15,000		15,000	_	13,785	_	(1,215)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		15,000		15,000		13,785		1,215	
Total expenditures	_	15,000	_	15,000		13,785		1,215	
Net change in fund balances		3		÷		<u>=</u>		$\overline{\overline{R}}$	
Fund balances, beginning of year		ă.				<u> </u>		<u>=</u>	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	14	\$		\$		\$		

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues	-					
Taxes	\$ 79,027	\$ 79,027	\$ 76,596	\$ (2,431)		
Interest	500	500	360	(140)		
Total revenues	79,527	79,527	76,956	(2,571)		
Expenditures						
Debt service:						
Principal	70,500	70,500	70,500	₩.		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,428	1,428	1,428	≌:		
Total expenditures	71,928	71,928	71,928			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	7,599	7,599	5,028	(2,571)		
Other sources (uses):						
Transfers out			(86,166)	(86,166)		
Net change in fund balances	7,599	7,599	(81,138)	(88,737)		
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	81,138 \$ 88,737	81,138 \$ 88,737	81,138 \$ -	\$ (88,737)		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Budgeted	s			Variance Positive		
	Oi	riginal	F	inal	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues	-							
Interest	\$	500	\$	500	\$	102	\$	(398)
Total revenues	-	500		500		102		(398)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public facilities		≥ 0		Ni.				
Total expenditures	-			==				=======================================
Net change in fund balances		500		500		102		(398)
Fund balances, beginning of year		102,243		102,243		102,243		-
Fund balances, end of year		102,743	\$	102,743	\$	102,345	\$	(398)

WILBARGER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES **AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012**

	Tax Assessor/ Collector Agency		County Clerk Agency		Sheriff Agency			County Attorney Agency	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	431,531	\$	92,958	\$	11,336	\$	\$	30,259
Investments		<u>=</u>		38,061		1 40 1			4
Due from other funds		₽		7 <u>=</u>		7.57			a.V.
Total assets	\$	431,531	\$	131,019	\$	11,336	-	\$	30,259
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	=	\$	1/70	\$	9	5	\$	-
Due to other funds		30,289		66,463		1,337			:=8
Due to other governments		401,242		1000		196			(⊕)
Due to others		2		64,556		9,999			30,259
Total liabilities	\$	431,531	\$	131,019	\$	11,336	=	\$	30,259

Jι	istice of		District								
the Peace		Clerk		District		Constable		Constable		Jail	
Fee	Account	Agency		Attorney		#1		#2		Commissary	
\$	46,036	\$	942,912	\$	22,313	\$	838	\$	570	\$	1,498
	(* *)		191,270		:=		*		(⊕)		·
	120		:				***				
\$	46,036	\$	1,134,182	\$	22,313	\$	838	\$	570	\$	1,498
\$		\$, - i	\$	3	\$		\$	125	\$	ia ()
	34,833		26,330		2,502		±==				632
	-				(=):		**		S # .		(#C)
	11,203		1,107,852		19,811		838		570	-9	866
\$	46,036	\$	1,134,182	\$	22,313	\$	838	\$	570	\$	1,498

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

				Total		
	State	Christmas	Juvenile	Agency		
	Tax	Club Account	Probation	Funds (See		
	Agency	Agency	Account	Exhibit A-10)		
ASSETS	***************************************		G ====================================			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 63,457	\$ 81,366	\$ 257,474	\$ 1,982,548		
Investments	le.	×	3#	229,331		
Due from other funds	33,883	<u> </u>		33,883		
Total assets	\$ 97,340	\$ 81,366	\$ 257,474	\$ 2,245,762		
			-			
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,828	\$ =	\$ =	\$ 1,828		
Due to other funds	13,666	₩.	<u></u>	176,052		
Due to other governments	81,846	*	*	483,088		
Due to others		81,366	257,474	1,584,794		
Total liabilities	\$ 97,340	\$ 81,366	\$ 257,474	\$ 2,245,762		